

## Childhood Cancer Awareness among Undergraduate Medical Students in South India

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### Background

The demand for paediatric oncology care, when compared to specialized medical care is found to be poor in developing countries. We conducted a study to determine the awareness and interest for paediatric oncology amongst the medical under graduates.

### Aims & Objectives

To evaluate the current status of childhood cancer awareness among undergraduate medical students in South India and their interest in paediatric oncology career.

### Material & Methods

This is a non randomized study. A 24 point questionnaire was given to the participants. Collected data was entered in an EXCEL SHEET and analysed by SPSS software.

### Results

240 students who attended the MEDHOPE

CONFERENCE 2012 from various universities in south India answered the questionnaire. 70% of them answered the basic knowledge questions about childhood cancer correctly. 55% of the students had not encountered paediatric oncology patients during their clinical postings. 40% did not have enough lectures on paediatric oncology. 29.6% felt that failure in effective treatment of childhood cancers was because of late diagnosis and referral and 21.4 % felt that it is because of lack of trained personnel in paediatric oncology field in our country. 50% were interested in pursuing paediatrics as their career but 80 % of them were not interested in pursuing paediatric oncology as their career. 65.5% thought that the information they had on paediatric oncology was not enough to suspect and refer appropriately during their practice. 84% felt that there is a definite need to improve paediatric oncology teaching in their medical curriculum.

### Conclusions

The outcome of this study shows that the clinical postings in paediatric oncology in the medical curriculum will improve the outcome of pediatric oncology care world wide.